



African swine fever is a virus that affects both domestic and wild pigs. It spreads very quickly and kills most pigs that get it. This disease has never been found in the United States. It is not a threat to human health. It is not a food safety issue.

People cannot get African swine fever, but they can carry it on clothing, shoes, and equipment. An outbreak in the United States would have devastating economic effects on the swine industry.

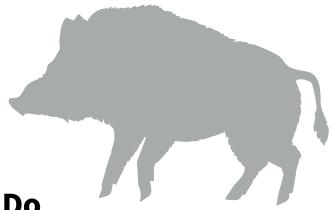
Help keep U.S. pigs free of this deadly disease!

Understand how the virus spreads, and do your part to protect against it.

African Swine Fever

Report Feral Swine

Feral swine can carry foreign animal diseases like African swine fever. While this disease has never been found in domestic or feral swine in the United States, there is no treatment or vaccine for it. That's why surveillance is very important. Help protect U.S. pigs by immediately reporting sick or dead feral swine.



What To Do

- If you find a sick or dead feral swine with no obvious injury or cause of death, report it right away.
- Be sure to note the location of the sighting.
- Don't disturb the carcass or approach a sick animal.
- If safe to do so, check the area for any other sick or dead feral swine.

How To Report

Call the USDA Wildlife Services program in your State at 866-4-USDA-WS. Don't wait! Quick detection is essential to prevent the spread of African swine fever.